SECTION 4. Identification of the substance

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking				
1.1 Product identifier				
Product name	: SOFT FEEL EFFECT			
Product code	: IF0501/00			
1.2 Relevant identified us	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Material uses	: Paint or paint related material.			
	: Industrial use only.			
1.3 Details of the supplier sheet	of the safety data			
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS Italy Via del Fiffo, 12 - 40065 Pi Italia - C.P. 18				
Cod. Fisc. e Reg. Impr. Bo	08866930152			
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: regulatory.SWI@sherwin.com			
1.4 Emergency telephone	number			
National advisory body/P	oison Center			
Telephone number	: +45 82 12 12 12			
<u>Supplier</u>				
Telephone number	: +39 051 770511			
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day			

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements : Danger

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Precautionary statements

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	: n-Butyl Acetate
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains dibutyltin dilaurate. May produce an allergic reaction. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY</li> </ul>
Special packaging require	ments

Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients** :

### 3.2 Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl Acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Xylene, mixed isomers	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 6700 ppm	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤1.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119557828-21 EC: 201-039-8 CAS: 77-58-7	≤0.23	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 31, Mar, 2023	Date of previ	ous issue : 25, Nov, 2022	Version : 7.01	2/1
				SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-E	Ж

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

(oral) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains dibutyltin dilaurate. May produce an allergic reaction.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

<u> </u>		,					
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures							
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders					
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.					
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture						
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.					
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.					
5.3 Advice for firefighters							
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.					
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.					
SECTION 6: Accidental r	el	ease measures					
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures					
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.					
		Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.					
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".					
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.					
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).					

<b>SECTION 6: Accidenta</b>	al release measures
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

## Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	<ul> <li>Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.</li> <li>Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the</li> </ul>
	conducting type. Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO <sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.
	<ul> <li>Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.</li> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).</li> <li>Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.</li> <li>Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.</li> <li>Comply with the health and safety at work laws.</li> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Information on fire and explosion protection</li> <li>Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.</li> </ul>
	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapors in all cases. In such circumstances, they should wear a compressed-air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until the particulate and solvent vapor concentrations have fallen below the exposure limits.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	<ul> <li>Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.</li> <li>Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.</li> </ul>

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

#### Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values			
n-Butyl Acetate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2021). [Butyl acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	TWA: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2021). [2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.			
Xylene, mixed isomers	Wa: 275 mg/m 6 hours. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2021). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.			
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 109 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2021). Absorbed through skin. Carcinogen. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	TWA: 30 ppm o hours. TWA: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 11/2021). [Organic compounds of tin] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Sn) 8 hours.			
proceduresatmosphere or of the ventilation protective equi the following: If the assessment limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atmospheres for the measured documents for required.:Regular monitor	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be			
areas that may DNELs/DMELs	not be equally ventilated.			

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl Acetate	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	300 mg/m	WOIKEIS	
	DNEL	Short term	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	000g,		
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	480 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	[Consumers] General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	Systemic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	General	Local
	21122	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	Loodi
				[Consumers]	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
			000 //	[Consumers]	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	55 mg/m	population	Systemic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

#### PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-Butyl Acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant	U U	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/kg	-
	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

#### Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)
	: Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.
Individual protection measu	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Gloves	: Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min): Nitrile >0.35 mm
	Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals. For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min): Use PE Iaminate
	gloves as under gloves. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this
	product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Colorless.	
Odor	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рH	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. insoluble in water.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	123°C	
Flash point	Closed cup: 20°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	1 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	Flammable liquid.	
Lower and upper explosion limit	LEL: 1% (Xylene, mixed isomers) UEL: 13.1% (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	
Vapor pressure	1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	3.66 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	1.07	
Solubility(ies)		
Media	Result	
cold water	Not soluble	

*Partition coefficient: n-octanol/* : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. *water* 

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#### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
n-Butyl Acetate		415	779		
Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties	: Kinema : Under r		mm²/s s of storage ar	of the product. d use, hazardous reactions d use, hazardous reactions	

Conforms to Regulation (EC) SOFT FEEL EFFECT	No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II
IF0501/00	
SECTION 9: Physical an	d chemical properties
Particle characteristics Median particle size	: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
9.2 Other information Heat of combustion	: 14.544 kJ/g
SECTION 10: Stability ar	nd reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	In closed containers, pressure buildup could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.</li> </ul>

## Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains dibutyltin dilaurate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Acute toxicity

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2071 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
Dermal	73333.33 mg/kg		
Inhalation (gases)	446666.67 ppm		
Inhalation (vapors)	1100 mg/l		

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Sensitization** 

No data available

#### Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

No data available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

#### **Teratogenicity**

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	oral	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result		
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	-				•
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
n-Butyl Acetate Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	- - -		- -		Readily Readily Readily	

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name LogPow		BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
Dibutyltin Dilaurate		2.91	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal of	onsiderations
13.1 Waste treatment metho	's
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: waste isocyanates 08 05 01*
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralized with a decontaminant (see section 6).</li> <li>Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.</li> <li>If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.</li> <li>For further information, contact your local waste authority.</li> </ul>
<u>Packaging</u>	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Disposal considerations	: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.		
European waste catalogue (EWC)	<ul> <li>packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10*</li> </ul>		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

<b>SECTION 14</b>	Transport	information
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			1
	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> D/E	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E	-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

: Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles <u>Other EU regulations</u> VOC content (2010/75/EU) : 51.8 w/w

#### 556 **g/l**

#### Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

#### National regulations

<i>Product/ingredient name</i> Ethylbenzene	<i>List name</i> Denmark Carcinogenic Chemicals	<i>Name on list</i> ethylbenzen	Classification Listed	-
Danish fire class	: I-1			
Denmark – Cancer risks	: National Working Env Cancer Risks during V	rironment Authorities Or Work with Substances a		
MAL-code 93	: 3-3			
Protection based on MAL	<ul> <li>According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the follow stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:</li> </ul>			
	coveralls/protective cl clothes do not adequa shield must be worn i case, other recomme In all spraying operati	st be worn for all work th othing must be worn wh ately protect skin against n work involving spatteri nded use of eye protecti ons in which there is retu and arm protectors/apro ructed.	en soiling is so gre contact with the p ng if a full mask is on is not required. urn spray, the follow	at that regular work roduct. A face not required. In this wing must be worn:
	zone. When using so	spraying in new* booths raper or knife, brush, ro ty, spray booth or spray	ller, etc. for pre- an	
	- Air-supplied half ma	sk and eye protection m	ust be worn.	
	there is a risk of conta knife, brush, roller, etc	eaning and repair of clos act with wet paint or orga c. for pre- and post-treat if the operator is inside t	nic solvents. Whe ments in cabins or	en using scraper or

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

<ul> <li>Air-supplied half mask, coveralls and eye protection must be worn.</li> </ul>	
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Whon en	ravina i	in avietina*	enrav hooth	e it tha a	norator ie	outside the s	nrav zono
when sp	raying i	in existing	spray bootin	3, 11 11 10 0			pray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During non-atomizing spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During all spraying where atomization occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc. must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

MAL-code for ready-for- : 3-5 use mixture

Protection based on MAL for ready-for-use mixture

#### According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling.Apron/coveralls/ protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product.A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, respiratory protection with air supply and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn as appropriate or as instructed.

#### MAL-code: 3-5

**Application:** When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new\* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair of closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

	existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.
	- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.
	When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.
	When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomizing spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray- cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.
	During all spraying where atomization occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.
	- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.
	<b>Drying:</b> Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc. must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.
	<b>Polishing:</b> When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.
	<b>Caution</b> The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.
	*See Regulations.
Restrictions on use	: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
 Abbreviations and acronyms
 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative N/A = Not available

## SECTION 16: Other information

Key literature references and sources for data	<ul> <li>Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods</li> </ul>
	Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Class	ification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336		On basis of test data Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226       Fla         H304       Ma         H312       Ha         H314       Ca         H315       Ca         H316       Ca         H317       Ma         H318       Ca         H319       Ca         H335       Ma         H336       Ma         H370       Ca         H373       Ma         H373       Ma         H400       Ve         H410       Ve         H412       Ha	ghly flammable liquid and vapor. ammable liquid and vapor. ay be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. armful in contact with skin. auses severe skin burns and eye damage. auses serious exe to a allergic skin reaction. ay cause an allergic skin reaction. auses serious eye damage. auses serious eye damage. auses serious eye irritation. armful if inhaled. ay cause respiratory irritation. ay cause drowsiness or dizziness. Ispected of causing genetic defects. ay damage fertility or the unborn child. auses damage to organs. auses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated posure. ay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated posure. ay toxic to aquatic life. armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Muta. 2 Repr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 1	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 31, Mar, 2023 Da	te of previous issue : 25, Nov, 2022 Version : 7.01 18/19 SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-DK

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

	STOT SE 3	EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 31, Mar, 2023.	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 31, Mar, 2023	
Date of previous issue	: 25, Nov, 2022	
	: If there is no previous v information.	validation date please contact your supplier for more
Version	: 7.01	

#### Notice to reader

In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safety data sheet.

SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:

• The product is classified as hazardous for health

• The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country. federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.