

## Safety Data Sheet

### ISOFAN ULTRA HS TOP COAT BINDER

Safety Data Sheet dated 12/07/2024 version 4



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: ISOFAN ULTRA HS TOP COAT BINDER

Trade code: L0TK0400

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Mono compound enamel - finish coat

Water pigmented dispersion

Industrial uses; Professional uses

Uses advised against: N.A.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Lechler SpA - Via Cecilio, 17 - 22100 Como - CO - Italy

Telephone: +39031586111

First Email: safety@lechler.eu

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

UNITED KINGDOM: Emergency Number 0044 1606738600 - This telephone number is available during office hours only (8.45-16.45).

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Emergency Contact: Lechler SPA -Tel. +39-031-586301 (8.00-18.00).

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification



### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

#### Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

#### Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## Contains

n-butyl acetate

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

heptan-2-one

## Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not a PBT, vPvB substance as per the criteria of the REACH Regulation.  
Endocrine disrupting properties-Toxicity The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Endocrine disrupting properties-Ecotoxicity The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other Hazards: No other hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: ISOFAN ULTRA HS TOP COAT BINDER

## Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥15 - ≤20 %	n-butyl acetate	CAS:123-86-4 EC:204-658-1 Index:607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	01-2119485493-29
≥3 - ≤5 %	heptan-2-one	CAS:110-43-0 EC:203-767-1 Index:606-024-00-3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H336	01-2119902391-49
≥3 - ≤5 %	A mixture of branched and linear C7-C9 alkyl-3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]propionates	CAS:127519-17-9 EC:407-000-3 Index:607-281-00-4	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-0000015648-61
≥1 - ≤2.5 %	Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	CAS:1065336-91-5 EC:915-687-0	Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Repr. 2, H361f; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Acute:1	01-2119491304-40-0000
≥0.3 - ≤0.5 %	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CAS:34590-94-8 EC:252-104-2	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.	01-2119450011-60
≥0.1 - ≤0.25 %	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS:108-65-6 EC:203-603-9 Index:607-195-00-7	STOT SE 3, H336; Flam. Liq. 3, H226	01-2119475791-29

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately

with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

N.A.

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non emergency personnel:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

**For emergency responders:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

See also section 8 and 13

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene:**

#### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 724 mg/m3 - 150 ppm; Short Term: 966 mg/m3 - 200 ppm
	EU		Long Term: 241 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 723 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2019/1831/EU
	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm; Short Term: 150 ppm Eye and URT irr
heptan-2-one CAS: 110-43-0	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm Eye and skin irr
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 237 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 475 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
	EU		Long Term: 238 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 475 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.
	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm Liver & CNS eff
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	EU		Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin Long Term: 274 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 548 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

n-butyl acetate  
CAS: 123-86-4

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.18 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.36 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.01 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.98 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.09 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.09 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 35.6 mg/l

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.098 mg/l

heptan-2-one  
CAS: 110-43-0

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.009 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 982 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 1.89 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.189 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.321 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 12.5 mg/l

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.002 mg/l

Reaction mass of  
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-  
pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)  
sebacate and Methyl  
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-  
piperidyl sebacate  
CAS: 1065336-91-5

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.009 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 1.05 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.11 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.21 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 19 mg/l

(2-  
methoxymethylethoxy)  
propanol  
CAS: 34590-94-8

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 190 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1.9 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 70.2 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 7.02 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.74 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 4168 mg/l

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl  
acetate  
CAS: 108-65-6

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.635 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 6.35 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.064 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.29 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.329 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.29 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

n-butyl acetate  
CAS: 123-86-4

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Industry: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 300 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Consumer: 300 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

heptan-2-one  
CAS: 110-43-0

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 1516 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 54.27 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 394.25 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 23.32 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 84.31 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 23.32 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Reaction mass of  
Bis(1,2,2,6,6-  
pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)  
sebacate and Methyl  
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-  
piperidyl sebacate  
CAS: 1065336-91-5

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 1.27 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 1.8 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 0.31 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 0.9 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 0.18 mg/kg

(2-  
methoxymethylethoxy)  
propanol  
CAS: 34590-94-8

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 37.2 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 308 mg/m3

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  
CAS: 108-65-6

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 33 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 36 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 320 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 33 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term (acute)  
Worker Professional: 550 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 796 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 275 mg/m3

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Odour: N.A.

pH: Not Relevant

Kinematic viscosity: > 20,5 mm2/sec (40 °C)

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: 34 °C (93 °F)

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.01 g/cm3

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Kinematic viscosity m2/s (40°C) > 20,5 mm2/sec (40 °C)

Viscosity: = 16.00 s - Method: DIN 53211 - Section: 8.00 mm

#### Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

### 9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Miscibility: N.A.

Conductivity: N.A.  
No other relevant information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met ATEmix - Oral : 40000 mg/kg bw ATEmix - Inhalation (Vapours) : 417.75 mg/l
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H336)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

n-butyl acetate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 10760 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation > 20 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rabbit > 14112 mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 423  OECD Test Guideline 402
heptan-2-one	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1600 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat > 16.7 mg/l 4h	
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 3230 mg/kg  LD50 Skin Rat = 3170 mg/kg	
(2-	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 5350 mg/kg	



methoxymethylethoxy)  
propanol

LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl a) acute toxicity  
acetate

LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg

LC0 Inhalation Rat > 2000 Ppm 3h

LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4 - EINECS: 204- 658-1 - INDEX: 607-025-00-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) = 18 mg/L 96 H OECD Test Guideline 203  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) = 44 mg/L 48 H OECD Test Guideline 202  e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) = 397 mg/L 72 H OECD Test Guideline 201  c) Bacteria toxicity : IC50 Microorganisms Tetrahymena pyriformis = 356 mg/L 40 H
heptan-2-one	CAS: 110-43-0 - EINECS: 203- 767-1 - INDEX: 606-024-00-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) = 131 mg/L 96h  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : ErC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) = 98.2 mg/L 72h
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	CAS: 1065336- 91-5 - EINECS: 915-687-0	e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) = 1.68 mg/L 72 H  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) = 0.9 mg/L 96 H  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Invertebrates Daphnia magna = 1 mg/L 21 Days
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CAS: 34590-94- 8 - EINECS: 252-104-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 10000 mg/L 96 H  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia (water flea) > 85000 mg/L 48 H
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6 - EINECS: 203- 603-9 - INDEX: 607-195-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 100 mg/L 96 H  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) >

500 mg/L 48 H

e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae *Selenastrum capricornutum* (green algae) > 1000 mg/L 96 H

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish *Oryzias latipes* (Japanese medaka) = 47.5 mg/L 14 D

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Invertebrates *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) >= 100 mg/L 21 D

e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Algae *Selenastrum capricornutum* (green algae) >= 1000 mg/L 96 H

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

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# SECTION 14: Transport information

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT

IATA-Shipping Name: PAINT

IMDG-Shipping Name: PAINT

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3

IATA-Class: 3

IMDG-Class: 3

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Toxic ingredients quantity: 0.00

Very toxic ingredients quantity: 0.00

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: -

ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 650

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355  
IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366  
IATA-Label: 3  
IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -  
IATA-Erg: 3L  
IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A72 A192

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A  
IMDG-Segregation: -  
IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -  
IMDG-Special Provisions: 163 223 367 955

#### **14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

N.A.

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

#### **Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:**

Restrictions related to the product: 3, 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

#### **Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):**

<b>Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1</b>	<b>Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)</b>	<b>Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)</b>
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Product belongs to category: P5c	5000	50000
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#### **Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)**

No substances listed

#### **German Water Hazard Class.**

2: Hazard to waters

#### **German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:**

LGK 3

#### **SVHC Substances:**

No SVHC substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

#### **DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU (VOC directive)**

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 23.01 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 232.90 g/L

Estimated Total Content of Water 0.00 %

Estimated Total Solid Content 76.99 %

## Classification according to VbF

Classification according to VbF Exempt

### Mal-Code (Denmark)

Mal-Code (Denmark)	Mal Factor	Unit of Measure	Revision Status / Number	Regulatory Base
2 - 5	430	m3 air/10 g	1993	Administrative determined MAL-Factors

## Biocides

REGULATION (EC) No 528/2012

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.7/2	Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)  
 BCF: Biological Concentration Factor  
 BEI: Biological Exposure Index  
 BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand  
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).  
 CAV: Poison Center  
 CE: European Community  
 CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.  
 CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic  
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
 COV: Volatile Organic Compound  
 CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment  
 CSR: Chemical Safety Report  
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
 DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive  
 DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive  
 EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration  
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency  
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
 ES: Exposure Scenario  
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.  
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).  
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
 KAFH: KAFH  
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
 N.A.: Not Applicable  
 N/A: Not Applicable  
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
 NA: Not available  
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PGK: Packaging Instruction  
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
 PSG: Passengers  
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information