

## Safety Data Sheet

### CB LECHSYS PALE OXIDE YELLOW

Safety Data Sheet dated 20/12/2022 version 3



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: CB LECHSYS PALE OXIDE YELLOW

Trade code: L0290613

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Coloured concentrated base

Fluid pigmented dispersion

Industrial uses

Uses advised against: N.A.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Lechler SpA - Via Cecilio, 17 - 22100 Como - CO - Italy

Telephone: +39031586111

First Email: safety@lechler.eu

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

UNITED KINGDOM: Emergency Number 0044 1606738600 - This telephone number is available during office hours only (8.45-16.45).

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Emergency Contact: Lechler SPA -Tel. +39-031-586301 (8.00-18.00).

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification



### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT SE 3 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

#### Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

#### Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Special Provisions:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Contains

n-butyl acetate

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not a PBT, vPvB substance as per the criteria of the REACH Regulation.  
Endocrine disrupting properties-Toxicity The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Endocrine disrupting properties-Ecotoxicity The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other Hazards: No other hazards

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: CB LECHSYS PALE OXIDE YELLOW

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥40 - ≤50 %	n-butyl acetate	CAS:123-86-4 EC:204-658-1 Index:607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	01-2119485493-29
≥1 - ≤2.5 %	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS:108-65-6 EC:203-603-9 Index:607-195-00-7	STOT SE 3, H336; Flam. Liq. 3, H226	01-2119475791-29
≥0.3 - ≤0.5 %	xylene	CAS:1330-20-7 EC:215-535-7 Index:601-022-00-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119488216-32
< 0,1 %	ethylbenzene	CAS:100-41-4 EC:202-849-4 Index:601-023-00-4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 2, H373	01-2119489370-35

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 724 mg/m3 - 150 ppm; Short Term: 966 mg/m3 - 200 ppm
	EU		Long Term: 241 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 723 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2019/1831/EU
	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm; Short Term: 150 ppm Eye and URT irr
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	EU		Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 274 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 548 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 20 ppm A4, BEI - URT and eye irr; hematologic eff; CNS impair
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 220 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 441 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
	EU		Long Term: 221 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 442 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	EU		Long Term: 442 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 884 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 441 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 552 mg/m3 - 125 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
	ACGIH		Long Term: 20 ppm OTO; A3, BEI - URT & eye irr; ototoxicity; kidney eff; CNS impair

#### Biological limit values

xylene  
CAS: 1330-20-7

Biological Indicator: xylene; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 1.5 mg/L; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: Methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 1.5 g/l; Medium: Urine  
Remark: New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: xylene; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 1.5 mg/L; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 2000 mg/L; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: methylhypuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 3 g/l; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Romania. Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: methylhippuric acid (all isomers); Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 2 g/l; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Slovenia. BAT-values

Biological Indicator: xylene; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours  
Value: 1.5 mg/L; Medium: Blood  
Remark: TRGS 903 - Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: methylhippuric acid (all isomers); Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours  
Value: 2 g/l; Medium: Urine  
Remark: TRGS 903 - Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: Methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: Last 4 hours of shift  
Value: 2 mg/L; Medium: Urine  
Remark: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Biological Exposure Indices.

Biological Indicator: total (o-, m-, p-)methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 800 mg/L; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Occupational exposure limits based on biological monitoring (JSOH).

Biological Indicator: methyl hippuric acid; Sampling Period: At the end of a work week / at the end of a work day / at the end of a shift  
Value: 1.5 g/l; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Austria. Regulation on health surveillance in the workplace 2014

Biological Indicator: xylene; Sampling Period: End of workday  
Value: 1 mg/L; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Austria. Regulation on health surveillance in the workplace 2014

Biological Indicator: Methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: At the end of exposure, in 4 hours  
Value: 2 mg/L; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Kenya. Occupational Safety and Health Act (CAP.514), Schedule I, Table 3 Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: methyl hippuric acid; Sampling Period: After shift  
Value: 5 Millimoles per liter; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Finland. Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: methyl hippuric acid; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours  
Value: 2 g/l; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Svizzera. Lista di valori BAT

ethylbenzene  
CAS: 100-41-4

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: after the last shift of the last day of the work week  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Argentina. Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: after the last shift of the last day of the work week  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Air at the end of exhalation  
Remark: Argentina. Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Brazil. NR7. Parameters for Biological Control of Occupational Exposure to Some Chemical Agents

Biological Indicator: total mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 2000 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Bulgaria. Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 1500 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Chile. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Maximum allowable occupational exposure limits in the workplace - Table 3. Adopted Biological Exposu

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: during exposure  
Value: 141 micromol per litre; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: during exposure  
Value: 1.5 mg/L; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 112 mol/mol creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 1500 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Czech Republic. Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 1100 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Czech Republic. Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: After the work shift at the end of week or exposure period  
Value: 5.2 Millimoles per liter; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Finland. Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours  
Value: 250 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: TRGS 903 - Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: After shift  
Value: 1500 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Hungary. Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: After shift  
Value: 1110 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Hungary. Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Kenya. Occupational Safety and Health Act (CAP.514), Schedule I, Table 3 Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene  
Medium: Air at the end of exhalation  
Remark: Kenya. Occupational Safety and Health Act (CAP.514), Schedule I, Table 3 Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: Sum of Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 7 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for work

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: Not critical  
Medium: exhaled air  
Remark: Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for work

Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acids; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 25 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 7 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Portuguese Norm 1796 - Biological Exposure Indices

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of working week  
Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Romania. Biological limit values

Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: End of turn  
Value: 12 mg/L; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift  
Value: 1600 mg/L; Medium: Urine  
Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift  
Value: 986 micromol per litre; Medium: Blood  
Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift

Value: 10590 micromol per litre; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: End of turn

Value: 1067 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: End of turn

Value: 799 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift

Value: 803 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift

Value: 744 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: End of turn

Value: 250 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovenia. BAT-values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week

Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Biological Exposure Indices.

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene

Medium: Air at the end of exhalation

Remark: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Biological Exposure Indices.

Biological Indicator: sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: FSL

Value: 700 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Agents in Spain - Biological Exposure Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours

Value: 600 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Svizzera. Lista di valori BAT

Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn

Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: ACGIH - Indicatori di Esposizione Biologica (BEI)

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of workday at end of workweek

Value: 7 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: VE.Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: At discretion

Medium: in exhaled air

Remark: VE.Biological Exposure Limits

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

n-butyl acetate  
CAS: 123-86-4

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0,18 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0,36 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0,01 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 0,98 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0,09 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0,09 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 35,6 mg/l

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  
CAS: 108-65-6

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0,635 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 6,35 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0,064 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 3,29 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0,329 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0,29 mg/kg  
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l  
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0,32 mg/l

xylene  
CAS: 1330-20-7

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0,32 mg/l  
Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0,32 mg/l  
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 12,46 mg/kg  
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 12,46 mg/kg  
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2,31 mg/kg  
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 6,58 mg/l

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

n-butyl acetate  
CAS: 123-86-4

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Industry: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Industry: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 35,7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Consumer: 35,7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Consumer: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl  
acetate  
CAS: 108-65-6

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term (acute)  
Consumer: 33 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 36 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 320 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 33 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term (acute)  
Worker Professional: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 796 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>



xylene  
CAS: 1330-20-7

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 65,3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 12,5 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 442 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 212 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: Yellow

Odour: N.A.

pH: Not Relevant

Kinematic viscosity: > 20,5 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec (40 °C)

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: 23°C / 60°C

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: 1.34 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Kinematic viscosity m<sup>2</sup>/s (40°C) > 20,5 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec (40 °C)

Viscosity: = 65.00 s - Method: ISO/DIN 2431 84 - Section: 6.00 mm

#### Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

### 9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Miscibility: N.A.

Conductivity: N.A.

No other relevant information

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H336)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

n-butyl acetate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 10760 mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 423
		LC50 Inhalation > 20, mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 14112, mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 402
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg	
		LC0 Inhalation Rat > 2000 Ppm 3h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg	
xylene	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Mouse = 5627 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 6700 Ppm 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg	
ethylbenzene	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 3500, mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000, mg/kg	

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

#### Endocrine disrupting properties:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
n-butyl acetate	CAS: 123-86-4 - EINECS: 204- 658-1 - INDEX: 607-025-00-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) = 18 mg/L 96 H OECD Test Guideline 203  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) = 44 mg/L 48 H OECD Test Guideline 202  e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) = 397 mg/L 72 H OECD Test Guideline 201  c) Bacteria toxicity : IC50 Microorganisms Tetrahymena pyriformis = 356 mg/L 40 H
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6 - EINECS: 203- 603-9 - INDEX: 607-195-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 100 mg/L 96 H  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) > 500 mg/L 48 H  e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) > 1000 mg/L 96 H  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka) = 47,5 mg/L 14 D  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) >= 100 mg/L 21 D  e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Algae Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) >= 1000 mg/L 96 H
xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7 - EINECS: 215- 535-7 - INDEX: 601-022-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) = 2,6 mg/L 96 H  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : IC50 Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) = 1 mg/L 24 H  e) Plant toxicity : EC0 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) = 0,44 mg/L 72 H  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 1,3 mg/L 56 D  e) Plant toxicity : Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) = 4,36 mg/L 72 H

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT

IATA-Shipping Name: PAINT

IMDG-Shipping Name: PAINT

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3

IATA-Class: 3

IMDG-Class: 3

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Toxic ingredients quantity: 0.00

Very toxic ingredients quantity: 0.00

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR exempt:

ADR-Label: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: -

ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 650

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366

IATA-Label: 3

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 3L

IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A72 A192

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A

IMDG-Segregation: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 163 223 367 955

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3, 40  
Restrictions related to the substances contained: 30, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1      Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)      Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)

Product belongs to category: P5c      5000      50000

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

1: Low hazard to waters

SVHC Substances:

No data available

DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU (VOC directive)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 48.19 %  
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 647.72 g/L  
Estimated Total Content of Water 0.00 %  
Estimated Total Solid Content 51.81 %

Storage Class (TRGS 510)

Storage Class (TRGS 510) Flammable liquid substances

Classification according to VbF

Classification according to VbF Exempt

Mal-Code (Denmark)

Mal-Code (Denmark)	Mal Factor	Unit of Measure	Revision Status / Number	Regulatory Base
3 - 1	948	m3 air/10 g	1993	Administrative determined MAL-Factors

Biocides

REGULATION (EC) No 528/2012

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/2	Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/4/Dermal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008      Classification procedure**

2.6/3	On basis of test data
3.8/3	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
 KAFH: KAFH  
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
 N.A.: Not Applicable  
 N/A: Not Applicable  
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
 NA: Not available  
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PGK: Packaging Instruction  
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
 PSG: Passengers  
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 4: First aid measures
- SECTION 5: Firefighting measures
- SECTION 6: Accidental release measures
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information