

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: ACRYL 2K MATT 7°GLOSS

Trade code: L0290153

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Dual compound enamel - finish coat

Liquid pigmented dispersion

Industrial uses; Professional uses

Uses advised against: N.A.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Lechler SpA - Via Cecilio, 17 - 22100 Como - CO - Italy

Telephone: +39031586111

First Email: safety@lechler.eu

1.4. Emergency telephone number

UNITED KINGDOM: Emergency Number 0044 1606738600 - This telephone number is available during office hours only (8.45-16.45). UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Emergency Contact: Lechler SPA -Tel. +39-031-586301 (8.00-18.00).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Lig. 3	Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2Causes skin irritation.Eye Irrit. 2Causes serious eye irritation.Skin Sens. 1AMay cause an allergic skin reaction.STOT SE 3May cause respiratory irritation.STOT SE 3May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Hazard statements

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Contains

n-butyl acetate

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

xylene

Acrylic copolymer

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not a PBT, vPvB substance as per the criteria of the REACH Regulation. Endocrine disrupting properties-Toxicity The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Endocrine disrupting properties-Ecotoxicity The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: ACRYL 2K MATT 7°GLOSS

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Numb	er
≥12.5 - ≤15 %	n-butyl acetate	CAS:123-86-4 EC:204-658-1 Index:607-025- 00-1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	01-2119485493-29	
≥12.5 - ≤15 %	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	EC:918-668-5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT SE 3, H336; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, EUH066, DECLP(*)	01-2119455851-35	
≥10 - ≤12.5 %	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	CAS:14807-96-6 EC:238-877-9	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.		
≥7 - ≤10 %	silicon dioxide	CAS:7631-86-9 EC:231-545-4	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.	01-2119379499-16	
≥5 - ≤7 %	Acrylic copolymer		Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317		
≥3 - ≤5 %	xylene	CAS:1330-20-7 EC:215-535-7 Index:601-022- 00-9	H332; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin	01-2119488216-32	
D					

≥2.5 - ≤3 %	reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	EC:905-562-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304	01-2119555267-33	
≥0.5 - ≤1 %	ethylbenzene	CAS:100-41-4 EC:202-849-4 Index:601-023- 00-4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 2, H373		
≥0.3 - ≤0.5 %	Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6- pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate		Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Repr. 2, H361f; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M- Acute:1	01-2119491304-40-0000	
≥0.3 - ≤0.5 %	heptan-2-one	CAS:110-43-0 EC:203-767-1 Index:606-024- 00-3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H336	01-2119902391-49	
≥0.25 - ≤0.3 %	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol		Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.	01-2119450011-60	
< 0.1 %	Respirable crystalline silica	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372		
(*)DECLP	Substance classified in accordance	with Note P, Anne	x VI of EC Regulation (EC) 1272/20	08.	

The harmonised classification as a carcinogen or mutagen applies unless it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7), in which case a classification in accordance with Title II of this Regulation shall be performed also for those hazard classes. Where the substance is not classified as a carcinogen or mutagen, at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260-P262-P301 + P310-P331 shall apply.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Ervthema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND	

		NORTHERN IRELAND	
	EU		Long Term: 241 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 723 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2019/1831/EU
	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm; Short Term: 150 ppm Eye and URT irr
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ACGIH		Long Term: 200 mg/m3 Damages to the central nervous system
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) CAS: 14807-96-6	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Containing no asbestos fibers\$ E,R, A4 - Pulm fibrosis, pulm func
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.
	EU		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 2004/37/EC
	EU		Carcinogens or mutagens
	EU		Respirable dust
silicon dioxide CAS: 7631-86-9	EU		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 2004/37/EC
	EU		Carcinogens or mutagens
	EU		Respirable dust
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 2.4 mg/m3 Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.
xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 20 ppm A4, BEI - URT and eye irr; hematologic eff; CNS impair
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 220 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 441 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
	EU		Long Term: 221 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 442 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	EU		Long Term: 442 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 884 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 441 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 552 mg/m3 - 125 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
	ACGIH		Long Term: 20 ppm OTO; A3, BEI - URT & eye irr; ototoxicity; kidney eff; CNS impair

heptan-2-one CAS: 110-43-0	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm Eye and skin irr
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 237 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 475 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to
	EU		Long Term: 238 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 475 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
(2- methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8	EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Behaviour Indicative 2000/39/EC
	EU		Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.
	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm Liver & CNS eff
Respirable crystalline silica CAS: 14808-60-7	a ACGIH		Long Term: 0.025 mg/m3 R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.
	EU		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 2004/37/EC
	EU		Respirable dust
	EU		Carcinogens or mutagens
Biological limit values			
xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Value: 1.5	mg/L; Medium:	e; Sampling Period: End of turn : Blood al Exposure Limits
	Value: 1.5	g/l; Medium: Ú	/lhippuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Irine plogical Exposure Indices
	Value: 1.5	mg/L; Medium:	e; Sampling Period: End of turn : Blood cal Limit Values
	Value: 200	0 mg/L; Mediur	of 2,3,4-methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn m: Urine cal Limit Values
	Value: 3 g/	l; Medium: Urir	ylhypuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn ne cal limit values
	Value: 2 g/	ndicator: methy I; Medium: Urir ovenia. BAT-va	
	Value: 1.5	mg/L; Medium:	e; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours : Blood ygical limit values
	Biological II after workin		ylhippuric acid (all isomers); Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or

Value: 2 g/l; Medium: Urine Remark: TRGS 903 - Biological limit values Biological Indicator: Methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: Last 4 hours of shift Value: 2 mg/L; Medium: Urine Remark: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Biological Exposure Indices. Biological Indicator: total (o-, m-, p-)methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 800 mg/L; Medium: Urine Remark: Occupational exposure limits based on biological monitoring (JSOH). Biological Indicator: methyl hippuric acid; Sampling Period: At the end of a work week / at the end of a work day / at the end of a shift Value: 1.5 g/l; Medium: Urine Remark: Austria. Regulation on health surveillance in the workplace 2014 Biological Indicator: xylene; Sampling Period: End of workday Value: 1 mg/L; Medium: Blood Remark: Austria. Regulation on health surveillance in the workplace 2014 Biological Indicator: Methylhippuric acid; Sampling Period: At the end of exposure, in 4 hours Value: 2 mg/L; Medium: Urine Remark: Kenya. Occupational Safety and Health Act (CAP.514), Schedule I, Table 3 Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: methyl hippuric acid; Sampling Period: After shift Value: 5 Millimoles per liter; Medium: Urine Remark: Finland. Biological limit values Biological Indicator: methyl hippuric acid; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours Value: 2 g/l; Medium: Urine Remark: Svizzera. Lista di valori BAT ethylbenzene Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: after the last shift of the last day of the work week CAS: 100-41-4 Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Argentina. Biological Exposure Indices Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: after the last shift of the last day of the work week Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Air at the end of exhalation Remark: Argentina. Biological Exposure Indices Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Brazil. NR7. Parameters for Biological Control of Occupational Exposure to Some Chemical Agents Biological Indicator: total mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 2000 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Bulgaria. Biological limit values Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 1500 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Chile. Biological Limit Values Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Maximum allowable occupational exposure limits in the workplace - Table 3. Adopted Biological Exposu Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: during exposure Value: 141 micromol per litre; Medium: Blood Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: during exposure Value: 1.5 mg/L; Medium: Blood Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 112 mol/mol creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Croatia. Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 1500 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Czech Republic. Biological Exposure Indices

Value: 1100 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Czech Republic. Biological Exposure Indices Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: After the work shift at the end of week or exposure period Value: 5.2 Millimoles per liter; Medium: Urine Remark: Finland. Biological limit values Biological Indicator: mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours Value: 250 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: TRGS 903 - Biological limit values Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: After shift Value: 1500 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Hungary. Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: After shift Value: 1110 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Hungary. Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Kenya. Occupational Safety and Health Act (CAP.514), Schedule I, Table 3 Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene Medium: Air at the end of exhalation Remark: Kenya. Occupational Safety and Health Act (CAP.514), Schedule I, Table 3 Biological Exposure Limits Biological Indicator: Sum of Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 7 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for work Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: Not critical Medium: exhaled air Remark: Official Mexican Norm NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health - Biological exposure indices for work Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acids; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 25 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 7 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Portuguese Norm 1796 - Biological Exposure Indices Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of working week Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Romania. Biological limit values Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 12 mg/L; Medium: Blood Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift Value: 1600 mg/L; Medium: Urine Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift Value: 986 micromol per litre; Medium: Blood Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift Value: 10590 micromol per litre; Medium: Urine Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 1067 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 799 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine

Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift Value: 803 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: 2- and 4-ethylphenol; Sampling Period: In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift Value: 744 micromoles per millimole creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Slovakia. Biological Limit Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 250 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Slovenia. BAT-values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Biological Exposure Indices.

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene Medium: Air at the end of exhalation Remark: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Biological Exposure Indices.

Biological Indicator: sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxilic acid; Sampling Period: FSL Value: 700 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Agents in Spain - Biological Exposure Values

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic; Sampling Period: Immediately after exposure or after working hours Value: 600 mg/g Creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: Svizzera. Lista di valori BAT

Biological Indicator: Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid; Sampling Period: End of turn Value: 15 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: ACGIH - Indicatori di Esposizione Biologica (BEI)

Biological Indicator: Mandelic acid; Sampling Period: End of workday at end of workweek Value: 7 g/g creatinine; Medium: Urine Remark: VE.Biological Exposure Limits

Biological Indicator: Ethylbenzene; Sampling Period: At discretion Medium: in exhaled air Remark: VE.Biological Exposure Limits

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.18 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.36 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.01 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.98 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.09 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.09 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 35.6 mg/l
xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.32 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.32 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.32 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 12.46 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 12.46 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.31 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 6.58 mg/l
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m- xylene and p-xylene	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.25 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 14.33 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.41 mg/kg
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.002 mg/l
D	

pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate CAS: 1065336-91-5	
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.009 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 1.05 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.11 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.21 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l
heptan-2-one CAS: 110-43-0	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.098 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.009 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 982 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 1.89 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.189 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.321 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 12.5 mg/l
(2- methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 19 mg/l
CAS: 34590-94-8	
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 190 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1.9 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 70.2 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 7.02 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.74 mg/kg
	Exposure Doute: Microorganisms in sources treatments: DNEC Limit: 4169 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 4168 mg/l
Derived No Effect Leve	
Derived No Effect Level n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	
n-butyl acetate	I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	 I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
n-butyl acetate	 I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
n-butyl acetate	 I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	 I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	 (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
n-butyl acetate	 I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
n-butyl acetate	 I (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	 (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
n-butyl acetate	 (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	 (DNEL) values Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 600 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 11 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 35.7 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 300 mg/m3 Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 11 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 32 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 11 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 150 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 25 mg/kg
xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 65.3 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 12.5 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 442 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 212 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 221 mg/m3
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m- xylene and p-xylene	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation Worker Professional: 221 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation Worker Professional: 442 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal Worker Professional: 3182 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation Consumer: 65.3 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation Consumer: 260 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal Consumer: 1872 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Oral Consumer: 12.5 mg/kg
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6- pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate CAS: 1065336-91-5	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 1.27 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 1.8 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.31 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.9 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.18 mg/kg
heptan-2-one CAS: 110-43-0	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 1516 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 54.27 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
D	

	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 394.25 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 23.32 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 84.31 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 23.32 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
(2- methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 37.2 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
	Exposure Route: Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 308 mg/m3
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
8.2. Exposure controls	
Eye protection:	
Use close fitting	safety goggles, don't use eye lens.
Protection for skin:	
	t provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.
Protection for hands:	
	loves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.
Respiratory protection:	
	otective respiratory equipment.
Thermal Hazards:	
N.A. Environmental exposure (controls
N.A.	
Hygienic and Technical m	leasures
ing gierne and reenned in	

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Colour: Colourless Odour: N.A. pH: Not Relevant Kinematic viscosity: > 20,5 mm2/sec (40 °C) Melting point/freezing point: N.A. Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A. Flash point: 29 °C (84 °F) Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A. Relative vapour density: N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A. Density and/or relative density: 1.11 g/cm3 Solubility in water: N.A. Solubility in oil: N.A. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A. Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Kinematic viscosity m2/s (40°C) > 20,5 mm2/sec (40 °C) Viscosity: = 65.00 s - Method: ISO/DIN 2431 84 - Section: 6.00 mm **Particle characteristics:** Particle size: N.A. 9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Miscibility: N.A. Conductivity: N.A. No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

	a) acute toxicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
		ATEmix - Dermal : 16593.4 mg/kg bw	
		ATEmix - Inhalation (Vapours) : 165.934 mg/l	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319)	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)	
	e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	f) carcinogenicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335), STOT SE 3(H336))
	i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
	j) aspiration hazard	Not classified	
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
col	logical information on main com	ponents of the mixture:	
yl	acetate a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 10760 mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 423

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:
--

n-butyl acetate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 10760 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation > 20 mg/l 4h	OECD Test Guideline 423
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 14112 mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 402
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 3592 mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 401
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg	OECD Test Guideline 402
	f) carcinogenicity	Carcinogenicity - Not classified - Substance classified in accordance with Note P, Annex VI of EC Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.	
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 5000 mg/kg bw	
silicon dioxide	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg LC0 Inhalation Rat = 0.139 mg/l 4h - The product does not contain any substance classified for this hazard	

xylene	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Mouse = 5627 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 6700 Ppm 4h LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg
ethylbenzene	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 3500 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6- pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4 piperidyl sebacate		LD50 Oral Rat = 3230 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat = 3170 mg/kg
heptan-2-one	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1600 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat > 16.7 mg/l 4h
(2- methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 5350 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Date

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

	Component		Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data			
	n-butyl acetate		CAS: 123-86-4 - EINECS: 204- 658-1 - INDEX: 607-025-00-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas 18 mg/L 96 H OECD Test Guideline 203	(fathead m	iinnow	() =
				a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia ma 44 mg/L 48 H OECD Test Guideline 202	ıgna (Water	flea)	=
				e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum mg/L 72 H OECD Test Guideline 201	(green alga	ie) = 3	397
				c) Bacteria toxicity : IC50 Microorganisms Tetrahymena py 40 H	riformis =	356 m	ng/L
	Hydrocarbons, C9,	aromatics	EINECS: 918- 668-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 9.2 mg/L 96 H	s (rainbow t	rout) :	=
				a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia ma 3.2 mg/L 48 H	ıgna (Water	flea)	=
				e) Plant toxicity: Algae algae = 2.9 mg/L 72 H			
	xylene		CAS: 1330-20-7 - EINECS: 215-	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 2.6 mg/L 96 H	s (rainbow t	rout) :	=
9	03/04/2025	Production Name	ACRYL 2K MA	ATT 7°GLOSS	Page n. 1	4 of	19

	5-7 - INDEX: 1-022-00-9	
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : IC50 Invertebrates Daphnia magna (Water flea) = 1 mg/L 24 H
		e) Plant toxicity : EC0 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) = 0.44 mg/L 72 H
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) > 1.3 mg/L 56 D
		e) Plant toxicity : Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) = 4.36 mg/L 72 H
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6- CAS pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate 91-3 and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 915 4-piperidyl sebacate	-5 - EINECS:	e) Plant toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) = 1.68 mg/L 72 H
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) = 0.9 mg/L 96 H
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Invertebrates Daphnia magna = 1 mg/L 21 Days
EIN 767		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) = 131 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: ErC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) = 98.2 mg/L 72h
8 -	S: 34590-94- EINECS: 2-104-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 10000 mg/L 96 H
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Invertebrates Daphnia (water flea) > 85000 mg/L 48 H $$

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT IATA-Shipping Name: PAINT IMDG-Shipping Name: PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR-Class: 3 IATA-Class: 3 IMDG-Class: 3 14.4. Packing group ADR-Packing Group: III IATA-Packing group: III IMDG-Packing group: III 14.5. Environmental hazards Toxic ingredients quantity: 0.00 Very toxic ingredients quantity: 0.00 Marine pollutant: No Environmental Pollutant: No IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E 14.6. Special precautions for user Road and Rail (ADR-RID): ADR-Label: 3 ADR - Hazard identification number: -ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 650 ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E) Air (IATA): IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355 IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366 IATA-Label: 3 IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -IATA-Erg: 3L IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A72 A192 Sea (IMDG): IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A IMDG-Segregation: -IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -IMDG-Special Provisions: 163 223 367 955 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

		ted to the product:	3, 40				
	Restrictions related to the substances contained: 70, 75						
Provisio	ons related to o	lirective EU 2012	/18 (Seveso III):				
	Seveso III cat to Annex 1, pa		Lower-tier threshold (1	connes) Upper-tier threshold	d (tonnes)		
	Product belongs	to category: P5c	5000	50000			
Regulat	ion (EU) No 64	9/2012 (PIC reg	ulation)				
	No substances l	isted					
German	Water Hazard	Class.					
	3: Severe hazar	d to waters					
German	Lagerklasse a	ccording to TRGS	510:				
	LGK 3						
SVHC S	ubstances:						
	No SVHC substa	ances present in com	ncentration >= 0.1%				
DIRECT	IVE 2010/75/	EU (VOC directive)				
	Volatile Organic	compounds - VOCs	5 = 35.61 %				
	Volatile Organic	compounds - VOCs	s = 395.25 g/L				
	Estimated Total	Content of Water ().00 %				
	Estimated Total	Solid Content 64.3	9 %				
Classifi	cation accordir	ig to VbF					
	Classification ad	cording to VbF Exe	mpt				
Mal-Coc	le (Denmark)						
Mal-Cod	e (Denmark)	Mal Factor	Unit of Measure	Revision Status / Number	Regulatory Base		
2 - 6		515	m3 air/10 g	1993	Administrative determined MAL- Factors		
Biocide	es						
REGULA	TION (EC) No 52	8/2012					
15.2. Cl	nemical safety	assessment					
	No Chemical Sa	fety Assessment ha	s been carried out for the	mixture.			

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description		
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.		
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airwa	ays.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H332	Harmful if inhaled.		
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.		
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolon	ged or repeated exposure.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through pro	longed or repeated exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.		
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting	effects.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef	fects.	
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description	
2.6/2	Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, Category 2	
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3	
3.1/4/Dermal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4	
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3	

Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity $-$ repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3
	Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1A Skin Sens. 1B Repr. 2 STOT SE 3 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. ES: Exposure Scenario GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KAFH: KAFH KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative. WGK: German Water Hazard Class. Paragraphs modified from the previous revision: - SECTION 2: Hazards identification - SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients - SECTION 7: Handling and storage - SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection - SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties - SECTION 11: Toxicological information - SECTION 14: Transport information - SECTION 15: Regulatory information - SECTION 16: Other information