SAFETY DATA SHEET



INERTA PRIMER 3210-01 - TS 0100 WHITE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : INERTA PRIMER 3210-01 - TS 0100 WHITE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335

STOT RE 2, H373

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Label No : 77609

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : F226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage Disposal

F403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: Contains: Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane; Xylene; Butan-1-ol and Methylisobutylketone

Supplemental label elements

: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
itanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Phenol, 4,4'- (1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis[oxirane	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients CAS: 71-36-3 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Index: 603-004-00-6 **STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336** Methylisobutylketone REACH #: ≤5 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 ATE [Inhalation [1] [2] 01-2119473980-30 Acute Tox. 4, H332 (vapours)] = 11 mg/ EC: 203-550-1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 CAS: 108-10-1 Carc. 2, H351 **STOT SE 3, H336** Index: 606-004-00-4 EUH066 Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) REACH #: ≤5 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M [Acute] = 1 [1] 01-2119485044-40 Aquatic Chronic 1, M [Chronic] = 1H410 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6 Ethylbenzene REACH #: ≤5 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 ATE [Inhalation [1] [2] 01-2119489370-35 Acute Tox. 4, H332 (vapours)] = 11 mg/ STOT RE 2, H373 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 (hearing organs) (oral, Index: 601-023-00-4 inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Solvent naphtha REACH #: ≤1.9 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] STOT SE 3, H335 (petroleum), light aromatic 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 STOT SE 3, H336 CAS: 64742-95-6 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Index: 649-356-00-4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 **EUH066** See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
Kylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)]		
	PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.		
Butan-1-ol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butanol (all isomers except 2-methyl-2-propanol)] PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.		

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TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 208 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 440 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 880 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.

Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 62 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 87 mg/m3 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 551 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).

Limit value 8 hours: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

STELV: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

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STELV: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ Methylisobutylketone STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STELV (Croatia). ELV: 100 ppm ELV: 400 mg/m³ Xylene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Methylisobutylketone Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed Ethylbenzene through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Butanol (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 97.5 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 195 ppm 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 80 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 19.2 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 48 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Ethylbenzene Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech

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Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents]

TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

STEL: 1000 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Butan-1-ol

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butanol, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.

CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m³

Methylisobutylketone Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed

> through skin. Carcinogen. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 434 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, Butan-1-ol

12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 90 mg/m³ 5 minutes. STEL: 30 ppm 5 minutes.

Methylisobutylketone Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,

12/2022).

TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, Ethylbenzene

12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.

TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]

> Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative Methylisobutylketone

occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list

of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **X**ylene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 230 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 80 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 210 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 880 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020).

TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 88.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12]

Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

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TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through Xylene skin. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 166 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 166 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 88 mg/m3 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 410 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

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values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed Butan-1-ol through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 90 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Butan-1-ol Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 80 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Methylisobutylketone Absorbed through skin. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Xylene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m3 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU Methylisobutylketone derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.

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OELV-8hr: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from Methylisobutylketone chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Butan-1-ol [Butylalcohol] TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Methylisobutylketone Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Butan-1-ol Absorbed through skin. TWA: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 90 mg/m3

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CEIL: 30 ppm

TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

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Methylisobutylketone

Xylene

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure]

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I Methylisobutylketone

(Luxembourg, 3/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I Ethylbenzene

(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]

Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative Methylisobutylketone

occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list

of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Xylene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed

through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m3 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values Methylisobutylketone

(Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 104 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 208 mg/m3 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

(Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

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OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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Xylene

STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes.
OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours.
FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers]

Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Butan-1-ol FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

CEIL: 75 mg/m³ CEIL: 25 ppm

Methylisobutylketone FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 20 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021).

TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]

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TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

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Xylene HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m3 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). VLA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 33 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 66 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and Methylisobutylketone additions (Romania, 3/2021). VLA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and Ethylbenzene additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short term: 200 mg/m3 15 minutes. **X**ylene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Butan-1-ol [Butyl alkohols] TWA: 310 mg/m³, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm, (Butyl alkohols) 8 hours. Methylisobutylketone Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 166 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

KTV: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Methylisobutylketone Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 208 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to Ethylbenzene exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 884 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Xylene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 61 mg/m³ 8 hours. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, Methylisobutylketone 4/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Butan-1-ol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 45 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 90 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, Methylisobutylketone 9/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 200 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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Xylene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Butan-1-ol SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 310 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. Methylisobutylketone

> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 82 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 164 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin.

> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 220 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Xylene EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,

p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed Butan-1-ol

through skin.

STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed Methylisobutylketone

through skin.

STEL: 416 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 208 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed Ethylbenzene

through skin.

STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Formaldehyde

> STEL: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed 1-Methoxy 2-propanol

through skin.

STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

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Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Kylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021) Notes: significant skin resorption possible BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.
▼ylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Methylisobutylketone	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) BEI: 3.5 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: not critical. BEI: 35 nmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: not critical.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 14.1 µmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
No exposure indices known.	
▼ylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 1100 µmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	

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Xvlene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Ethylbenzene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 5.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022)

BEI: 2 mg/g creatinine, 1-butanol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the beginning of the next shift.

BEI: 10 mg/g creatinine, 1-butanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 2 mg/g creatinine, butan-1-ol (butanol-1) (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the beginning of the next shift.

BEI: 10 mg/g creatinine, butan-1-ol (butanol-1) (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

Methylisobutylketone DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 0.7 mg/l, hexone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022)

BEI: 15 µmol/mmol creatinine, n-butyl-alcohol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 10 mg/g creatinine, n-butyl-alcohol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 3 µmol/mmol creatinine, n-butyl-alcohol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next shift.

BEI: 2 mg/g creatinine, n-butyl-alcohol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next shift.

Butan-1-ol

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Methylisobutylketone

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022)

BEI: 35 μ mol/l, methyl-iso-butyl-ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 3.5 mg/l, methyl-iso-butyl-ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

Ethylbenzene

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022)

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.

BEI: 1110 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Methylisobutylketone

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 1 mg/l, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Ethylbenzene

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Methylisobutylketone

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 1 mg/l, methylisobutylketone (MIBK) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Ethylbenzene

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

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Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Xylene

Butan-1-ol

Methylisobutylketone

Ethylbenzene

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020)

OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)

BLV: 15.34 µmol/mmol creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10 mg/g creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 3.13 µmol/mmol creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next work shift.

BLV: 2 mg/g creatinine, n-butyl alcohol [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next work shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)

BLV: 2.67 µmol/mmol creatinine, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2.36 mg/g creatinine, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 35.4 µmol/l, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 3.5 mg/l, hexon [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)

BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 10590 μ mol/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 98.6 μ mol/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

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BLV: 1600 mg/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 12 mg/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

Xylene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Butan-1-ol

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 10 mg/g creatinine, 1-butanol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BAT: 2 mg/g creatinine, 1-butanol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: before the work shift.

Methylisobutylketone

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Ethylbenzene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Xylene

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Methylisobutylketone

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022)

VLB: 1 mg/l, methyl isobutyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Ethylbenzene

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022)

VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

Butan-1-ol

Xylene

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 2 mg/g creatinine, n-butanol [in urine]. Sampling time: before the next shift or 4pm.

Methylisobutylketone

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 0.7 mg/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

Ethylbenzene

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid fin urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

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Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-,
	m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
Methylisobutylketone	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 20 µmol/l, 4-methylpentan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	155 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Local

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<u> </u>					
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	3.		,
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
· · · <u>=</u> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	2.0 1119/111	population	Cyclonic
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	o mg/m	WOIKOIS	Cystonno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCE	Long term Dermai	bw/day	population	Gysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINCE	Long term Dermai	bw/day	WOIKEIS	Gysternic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Ethylberizerie	DINCL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	15 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEI		77 ma/m³	Workers	Systemia
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	vvoikeis	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	100 mg/kg	Morkoro	Customia
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNE	Short term	bw/day	Workers	Local
	DNEL		293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	האבו	Inhalation	440/3	\\/ - -	Land
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DAAEL	Inhalation	004	NA7 L	0
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Caband manifelia (outside le coul) P. L.	האיבי	Inhalation	0.44	0	0 1 :
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation	4.0	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	D	Inhalation	470.57		1 1
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/		Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	[
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		l
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³	_	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
		•			

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

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Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products. before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : White. **Odour** Slight

Not available. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methylisobutylketone	116.5	241.7	
Butan-1-ol	119	246.2	OECD 103

Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8% limit Upper: 11.3%

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15

: Not available. **Decomposition temperature** pН Not applicable. **Viscosity** : Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

: Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			pour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
M ethylisobutylketone	15.75128	2.1				
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				

Relative density : Not available. : 1.6 g/cm³ **Density** Vapour density : Not available. : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. decomposition products

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Ø ral	16958.03 mg/kg	
Dermal	7612.95 mg/kg	
Inhalation (vapours)	49.38 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
tranium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug I	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
_	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	_
light aromatic	-			uL	

Conclusion/Summary

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Skin contact**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
manium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	48 hours 96 hours
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	96 hours 21 days 33 days
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
_	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Conclusion/Summary**

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
✓ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
light aromatic			_

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

> sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IMDG The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
MERTA PRIMER 3210-01	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - : Not listed

Air

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

: Not listed **Industrial emissions**

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c E2

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : A II

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of

organic solvents

: Permitted.

Czech Republic

: 11 Storage code

Denmark

Product registration

number

: 4363854

Danish fire class : II-1 Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Manium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	Carc. 2, H351

MAL-code : 4-5

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

MAL-code: 4-5

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

Protective clothing must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

: Listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Xylene RG 4bis, RG 84 Butan-1-ol **RG 84** Methylisobutylketone **RG 84**

Ethylbenzene **RG 84** Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic **RG 84**

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

: 2

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
₽ 5c	1.2.5.3
E2	1.3.2

Hazard class for water

Technical instruction on air quality control

: **T**A-Luft Number 5.2.5: 25.2%

TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 3.2%

AOX : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

Italy

: Not determined. D.Lgs. 152/06

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
x ylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

Water Discharge Policy

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/

toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway

Sweden

Flammable liquid class : 2a

(SRVFS 2005:10)

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 28.2%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Mam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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